

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

**JUNE 30, 2012** 

# **CROCE & COMPANY**

**Accountancy Corporation** 



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### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Directors

Town of Discovery Bay Community

Services District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the **Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District** (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the **Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District** as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 2 through 10 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion

CROCE & COMPANY

Accountancy Corporation

Stockton, California May 9, 2013

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2012

This narrative overview and analysis of the Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District's (District) financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 has been provided by the management of the District. The management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's financial statements which follow this section and is recommended to be reviewed in conjunction with them.

#### Financial Highlights

- The District's net assets decreased by \$467,895 over the prior year, including a \$92,827 increase in net assets of governmental activities, and a \$560,722 decrease in net assets of business-type activities. The District's net assets are now \$41,650,285.
- Total assets of the District were \$42,520,757 with capital assets at \$34,086,069 net of accumulated depreciation. Current and other assets were \$8,434,688.
- Total liabilities were \$870,472 consisting of long-term liabilities of \$29,538 and other current liabilities of \$840,934.
- Assets of the District exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$41,650,285 (net assets). Of this amount, \$7,564,216 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations, and \$34,086,069 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- On the current financial resources basis, the District's governmental fund expenditures (including \$335,560 in capital outlay expenditures) exceeded revenues by \$165,035. The proprietary fund expenses exceeded revenues by \$560,780.
- At year-end, there was \$1,922,805 in cash and investments to fund future governmental activities, and \$6,079,041 in cash and investments to fund future business-type activities.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The District's financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to financial statements including required supplementary information.

Government-wide and fund financial statements present the results of operations for different functions of the District as follows:

1. **Government-wide financial statements** provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial position in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets displays all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. The Statement of Activities provides all current year

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2012

#### Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

revenues and expenses on an accrual basis of accounting regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two government-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed during the fiscal year. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or weakening.

The government-wide financial statements separately present the District's functions as follows:

- Governmental activities include services financed mainly through property taxes. The
  District's lighting and landscaping and community center services comprise its
  governmental activities.
- Business-type activities include services financed, in whole or in part, by fees paid by those who directly benefit from the service. The District's business-type activities include providing water and wastewater services to the residents of the District.
- 2. Fund financial statements focus on the individual functions of the District, and report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used by state and local governments to control their resources that are legally restricted or otherwise earmarked for special purposes. The District reports its fund financial statements in the following two categories:
  - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on 1) short-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, and 2) the resources remaining at the end of the fiscal year that are available for future use. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation that explains the relationship (or differences) between them is presented following each of the governmental fund statements.
  - **Proprietary funds** are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements in more detail.

**Notes to the financial statements** provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements

A review of net assets over time may serve as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Net assets represent the difference between the District's assets and liabilities. As of June 30, 2012, the District's net assets were \$41,650,285, a decrease of \$467,895 from prior year. The following table outlines the District's net assets by function for the current and prior fiscal years.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2012

#### Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District Net Assets

As of June 30, 2012 and 2011

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	<u>Variance</u>	
Assets	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u> 2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u> 2011</u>	<u>S</u>
Current and other							
assets	\$ 1,983,027	\$ 2,257,794	\$ 6,451,661	\$ 6,225,093	\$ 8,434,688	\$ 8,482,887	\$ (48,199)
Capital assets, net	1,788,170	1,569,054	32,297,899	32,908,594	34,086,069	34,477,648	(391,579)
Total assets	3,771,197	3,826,848	38,749,560	39,133,687	42,520,757	42,960,535	(439,778)
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	32,203	179,142	808,731	631,820	840,934	810,962	29,972
Non-current liabilities	5,208	6,747	24,330	24,646	29,538	31,393	(1.855)
Total liabilities	37,411	185,889	833,061	656,466	870,472	<u>842,355</u>	28,117
Net Assets							
Invested in capital							
assets	1,788,170	1,569,054	32,297,899	32,908,594	34,086,069	34,477,648	(391,579)
Unrestricted	1,945,616	2,071,905	5,618,600	5,568,627	7,564,216	7,640,532	(76,316)
Total net assets	<u>\$ 3,733,786</u>	<u>\$ 3,640,959</u>	<u>\$ 37,916,499</u>	\$ 38,477,221	<u>\$ 41,650,285</u>	<u>\$ 42,118,180</u>	<u>\$ (467,895)</u>

By far the largest portion of the District's net assets (82%) reflects its net capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, equipment, etc.). The District uses its capital assets to provide the services it is responsible for and those assets don't represent future expendable resources. The second largest portion of the District's net assets, approximately 18%, reflects its unrestricted net assets, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2012

## Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The following table displays the change in the District's net assets for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District Change in Net Assets

	Government	al Activities	Business-type Activities		Te	otal
Revenues	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,502,278	\$ 4,699,322	\$ 5,502,278	\$ 4,699,322
Capital grants and						
contributions	92,036	3,678		-	92,036	3,678
General revenues						
Property taxes	443,147	467,101	-	-	443,147	467,101
Assessments	113,973	83,404	-	-	113,973	83,404
Investment earnings	77	490	58	5,533	135	6,023
Miscellaneous	32,074	13,382		9,207	32,074	22,589
Total revenues	681,307	568,055	5,502,336	4,714,062	6,183,643	5,282,117
Expenses						
Community center	10,051	4,791	-	-	10,051	4,791
Lighting and landscaping						
Zone 8	514,341	493,040	-	-	514,341	493,040
Lighting and landscaping						
Zone 9	99,935	107,168	-	-	99,935	107,168
Water and sewer			6,063,058	5,426,760	6,063,058	<u>5,426,760</u>
Total expenses	624,327	604,999	6,063,058	5,426,760	6,687,385	6,031,759
Transfers		5,194		(5,194)		
Change in net assets	56,980	(31,750)	(560,722)	(717,892)	(503,742)	(749,642)
3	,	( , ,	, , ,	, , ,	, , ,	, , ,
Contributed capital	35,847	-	-	-	35,847	-
Net assets, beginning of year	3,640,959	3,672,709	38,477,221	39,195,113	42,118,180	42,867,822
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 3,733,786</u>	<u>\$ 3,640,959</u>	<u>\$37,916,499</u>	\$38,477,221	\$41,650,28 <u>5</u>	<u>\$42,118,180</u>

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2012

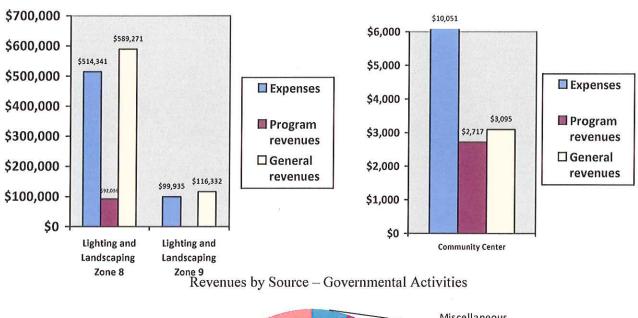
#### Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

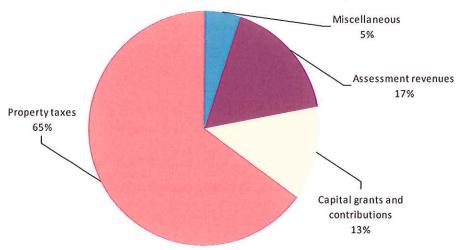
The \$467,895 decrease in net assets is attributed to each function as follows:

#### Governmental Activities

- Property tax revenue decreased by \$22,013 due to a decrease in current secured property taxes.
- Assessment revenue increased by \$30,569 due to an increase in the assessment rate.
- Costs for salaries increased \$22,405 (33%).

#### Expenses and Revenues – Governmental Activities





## Management's Discussion and Analysis

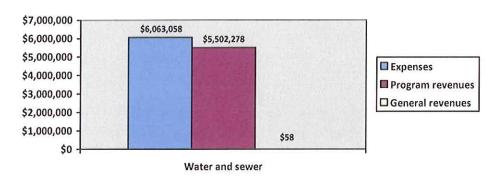
June 30, 2012

#### Financial Analysis of the Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

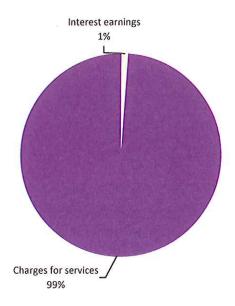
#### **Business-type Activities**

- Revenues from water and sewer usage charges increased \$664,250 (44%).
- Expenses increased \$636,298 (12%) primarily due to higher depreciation, repairs and maintenance, contract services, payroll costs, and consulting services.

Expenses and Revenues - Business-type Activities



#### Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities



## Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2012

#### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the short-term inflows and outflows and balances of current expendable resources. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* presented in the balance sheet may serve as a useful measure of the District's resources available for spending at the end of its fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's combined governmental fund expenditures exceeded revenues by \$165,035 primarily due to increased expenditures. This resulted in a \$165,035 decrease in the combined ending fund balance of the District's governmental funds. The fund balance of the Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 fund decreased by \$143,261, the fund balance of the Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 fund decreased by \$23,688, the fund balance of the community center fund decreased by \$4,239, and the fund balance of the general fund increased by \$6,153. At year-end, the combined fund balance of governmental funds was \$1,905,156, consisting of unassigned funds, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

#### Proprietary Funds

The District's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information, in more detail, on the business-type activities presented in the government-wide financial statements.

The net assets of the proprietary funds decreased by \$560,722 from \$38,477,221 to \$37,916,499. The net assets included \$5,618,600 in unrestricted net assets which has increased by \$49,973 or 1% from the previous year. The increase in unrestricted net assets is primarily due to an increase in operating revenues.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2012, the District's investment in capital assets amounted to \$34,086,069 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles, structures and improvements, and treatment and collection.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2012

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Continued)

The District's total investment in capital assets before depreciation increased by \$925,710 from \$41,487,178 to \$42,412,888. Significant additions to capital assets included:

- Dewatering and solar dryer #3 project (\$502,765)
- Cornell Park improvements and equipment (\$252,959)

The following table displays the changes in District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District's Capital Assets (net of depreciation, in rounded dollars)

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-tyr	e Activities	Total			
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>		
Land	\$ 293,930	\$ 258,083	\$ 267,000	\$ 267,000	\$ 560,930	\$ 525,083		
Buildings and improvements	2,135,587	1,636,692	1,180,273	1,180,273	3,315,860	2,816,965		
Treatment and collection	-	-	29,944,958	28,981,928	29,944,958	28,981,928		
Structure and improvements	-	-	6,689,926	6,689,926	6,689,926	6,689,926		
Equipment	79,965	30,342	890,241	866,177	970,206	896,519		
Office furniture and equipment	4,309	4,309	-	-	4,309	4,309		
Vehicles	55,424	34,079	356,928	356,928	412,352	391,007		
Construction in progress	11,582	282,733	502,765	898,708	514,347	1,181,441		
Total	2,580,797	2,246,238	39,832,091	39,240,940	42,412,888	41,487,178		
Less accumulated depreciation	(792,627	<u>(677,184</u> )	(7,534,192)	(6,332,346)	(8,326,819)	(7,009,530)		
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 1,788,170</u>	<u>\$ 1,569,054</u>	<u>\$32,297,899</u>	<u>\$32,908,594</u>	<u>\$34,086,069</u>	<u>\$34,477,648</u>		

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note E of the "Notes to Financial Statements" section.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

During August 2011, in accordance with Proposition 218, the District approved an increase in rates for water and wastewater service charges of 17% effective July 1, 2011. During August 2011, the District approved to increase the assessment rate by 37% for Ravenswood Improvement District (L & L #9) for the fiscal year 2011-2012.

Residential development will continue, but at a much slower pace compared with the past several years, resulting in revenues from water and wastewater capacity fees that are lower than recent years.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2012

#### Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's financial accountability and compliance with applicable laws for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information can be addressed to Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District, Attention: General Manager, 1800 Willow Lake Road, Discovery Bay, California 94505.

## **Statement of Net Assets**

June 30, 2012

A sector	Governmental <u>activities</u>	Business-type <u>activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets	e 1.000.00 <i>c</i>	e 6.070.041	¢ 0001 046
Cash and investments	\$ 1,922,805	\$ 6,079,041	\$ 8,001,846
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for		242.002	242.002
doubtful accounts	45.669	342,083	342,083
Note receivable	45,668	020	45,668
Advances on taxes	656	832	1,488
Due from other funds	979	29,705	30,684
Inventory	12,919	-	12,919
Capital assets, net of accumulated			
depreciation	<u>1,788,170</u>	32,297,899	34,086,069
Total assets	3,771,197	38,749,560	42,520,757
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	23,953	775,356	799,309
Accrued payroll	5,606	24,977	30,583
Deferred revenue	, -	8,398	8,398
Due to other funds	2,644	, <del>,</del>	2,644
Long-term liabilities	,		ŕ
Compensated absences	5,208	24,330	29,538
Total liabilities	37,411	833,061	<u>870,472</u>
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related			
debt	1,788,170	32,297,899	34,086,069
Unrestricted	1,945,616	5,618,600	7,564,216
Total net assets	\$ 3,733,786	<u>\$ 37,916,499</u>	\$ 41,650,285

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

## **Statement of Activities**

For the year ended June 30, 2012

		Program revenues				
Governmental activities	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for services	Operating Charges for grants and			
	ø	ø.	rh.	Φ		
General government	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Community center	10,051	-	-	2,717		
Lighting and landscaping Zone 8	514,341	<del></del>	-	89,319		
Lighting and landscaping Zone 9	99,935	<u> </u>				
Total governmental activities	624,327	<u> </u>		92,036		
Business-type activities						
Water and sewer	6,063,058	5,502,278				
Total business-type activities	6,063,058	5,502,278				
Total government	<u>\$ 6,687,385</u>	\$ 5,502,278	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 92,036</u>		

#### General revenues

Taxes

Property taxes

Homeowners property tax relief

Other

Assessments

Investment income

Other income

#### **Transfers**

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Contributed capital

Net assets, beginning of year

Net assets, end of year

	Net (expense	e) reve	nue and change	es in n	et assets
G	overnmental	В	usiness-type		
Ü	activities	ے	activities		<u>Totals</u>
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	(7,334)		-		(7,334)
	(425,022)		-		(425,022)
	(99,935)		<u> </u>		(99,935)
	(532,291)		<u>-</u>		(532,291)
	<del>.</del>		(560,780)	••••	(560,780)
			(560,780)		(560,780)
<del></del>	(532,291)		(560,780)		(1,093,071)
	120 105				100 106
	438,486		-		438,486
	4,638		-		4,638
	23		-		23
	113,973 77		58		113,973 135
	32,074		- -		32,074
	<del></del> .		<del>-</del>		-
	589,271		58		589,329
	56,980		(560,722)		(503,742)
	35,847		-		35,847
	3,640,959		38,477,221		12,118,180
<u>\$</u>	3,733,786	<u>\$</u>	<u>37,916,499</u>	<u>\$</u>	41,650,28 <u>5</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

# **Balance Sheet Governmental Funds**

June 30, 2012

		Special revenue funds								
		eneral	C	center	L	ighting and andscaping Zone 8	Lig lan	hting and dscaping Zone 9	g	Total overnmental funds
Assets										
Cash and investments	\$	6,153	\$	531,430	\$	1,261,708	\$	123,514	\$	1,922,805
Advances on taxes		-		-		656		-		656
Inventory		-		12,919		-		-		12,919
Due from other funds			_					979	_	979
Total assets	\$	6,153	\$	544,349	<u>\$</u>	1,262,364	<u>\$</u>	124,493	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,937,359</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,796	\$	157	\$	23,953
Accrued payroll		-		-		5,606		-		5,606
Due to other funds		-		<del>.</del>		2,644		-		2,644
Total liabilities		-		<u> </u>		32,046		<u> 157</u>		32,203
Fund balances  Committed to:				544 240						544 240
Community center Lighting and landscaping		-		544,349		-		-		544,349
Zone 8		-		-		1,230,318		-		1,230,318
Lighting and landscaping Zone 9								124,336		124,336
Unassigned		6,153		_		_		124,550		6,153
Total fund balances		6,153		544,349		1,230,318		124,336		1,905,156
Total liabilities and				_						
fund balances	\$	6,153	\$	544,349	<u>s</u>	<u>1,262,364</u>	<u>\$</u>	124,493	\$	1,937,359
Reconciliation to statement of net a	ssets									
Total governmental fund balance										1,905,156
Amounts reported for governmen	tal acti	ivities in th	ie stat	ement of net	assets	are differen	t becau	ise:		
Notes receivable in go expenditures	vernme	ental funds	s are	not available	e to p	ay for curre	ent per	riod		45,668
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds							1,788,170			
Long-term liabilities are not reported in the b						od, and, ther	efore,	are		(5,208)
Net assets of governmental activity									\$	3,733,786
Tot assets of governmental activity									Ψ	-,,,,,,,,,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2012

	Special revenue funds							
			Lighting and	Total				
	General	Community	landscaping	landscaping	governmental			
<b>7</b>	<u>fund</u>	center	Zone 8	Zone 9	<u>funds</u>			
Revenues Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 438,250	\$ -	\$ 438,250			
Assessment income	φ -	φ -	\$ 430,230	113,973	113,973			
Grant income	_	-	89,319	113,973	89,319			
Investment income	-	77	09,019	_	77			
Homeowners property tax relief	<del>-</del>	,,	4,638	_	4,638			
Other	6,153	3,018	20,803	2,359	32,333			
Contributions	0,133	2,717	20,003	2,337	2,717			
Total revenues	6,153	5,812	553,010	116,332	681,307			
Total Tevenues	0,133	5,012		110,552	001,507			
Expenditures								
Repairs and maintenance	_	-	183,378	43,771	227,149			
Utilities	-	-	101,527	10,925	112,452			
Payroll	-	-	92,184	22,706	114,890			
Other	-	10,051	22,712	5,885	38,648			
Insurance	-	_	4,949	1,797	6,746			
Professional fees	-	-	5,635	5,262	10,897			
Capital outlay		<u> </u>	285,886	49,674	335,560			
Total expenditures		10,051	<u>696,271</u>	140,020	846,342			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	6,153	(4,239)	(143,261)	(23,688)	(165,035)			
over expenditures		(1,23)	(145,201)	(25,000)	(103,033)			
Net change in fund balances	6,153	(4,239)	(143,261)	(23,688)	(165,035)			
Fund balances, beginning of year	-	548,588	1,373,579	112,177	2,034,344			
Contributed capital				35,847	35,847			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 6,153	<u>\$ 544,349</u>	<u>\$ 1,230,318</u>	<u>\$ 124,336</u>	<u>\$ 1,905,156</u>			

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2012

#### Reconciliation to statement of activities Net change in fund balances - governmental funds (165,035)Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because of the following: Depreciation expense related to capital assets is recognized in the statement of activities, but is not reported in the funds (116,259)Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities record depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets 335,560 Change in accrued vacation is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities 2,714 Change in net assets of governmental activities 56,980

## Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2012

	Water and sewer fund
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 6,079,041
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$36,905	342,083
Advances on taxes	832
Due from other funds	29,705
Total current assets	6,451,661
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	32,297,899
Total assets	38,749,560
Liabilities and Net Assets	
Current liabilities (payable from current assets)	
Accounts payable	775,356
Accrued payroll	24,977
Deferred revenue	8,398
Total current liabilities	808,731
Noncurrent liabilities	
Compensated absences	24,330
Total liabilities	833,061
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	32,297,899
Unrestricted	
Board designated	3,000,000
Undesignated	<u>2,618,600</u>
Total net assets	<u>\$ 37,916,499</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Assets Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2012

	Water and sewer fund
Operating revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 5,258,764
Reimbursements	242,034
Connection fees	1,480
Total operating revenues	5,502,278
Operating expenses	
Contract services	1,402,573
Depreciation	1,201,846
Repairs and maintenance	845,297
Utilities	782,805
Payroll	684,319
Professional fees	465,670
Permits and fees	284,823
Insurance	139,614
Chemicals	96,927
Miscellaneous	82,854
Directors' expenses	29,620
Telephone and communications	16,583
Supplies	13,681
Memberships	9,320
Public communication	6,618
Staff training	508
Total operating expenses	6,063,058
Operating loss	(560,780)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	
Interest income	58
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	58
Change in net assets	(560,722)
Net assets, beginning of year	<u>38,477,221</u>
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 37,916,499</u>

## Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2012

	Water and ewer fund
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments to employees and directors Received from other funds for services	\$ 5,486,702 (3,964,748) (712,251) 30,686
Net cash provided by operating activities	 840,389
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisition of capital assets	 (591,151)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	 (591,151)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest income	 58
Net cash provided by investing activities	 58
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	249,296
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 5,829,745
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 6,079,041
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities  Operating loss  Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities	\$ (560,780)
Depreciation  Change in assets and liabilities	1,201,846
Accounts receivable  Due from other funds	(8,041) 30,769
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	182,525 2,004
Compensated absences  Deferred revenue	(316) (7,535)
Due to other funds	 (83)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 840,389

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

#### Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District (District) is presented to assist in understanding the District's financial statements.

#### Description of the reporting entity

The Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District, formerly known as Discovery Bay Community Services District was formed by the residents of Discovery Bay under the authority of the Cortese-Knox Act (Gov. C. Sec. 56000). This newly formed special district was formed as a result of a petition of residents to provide services to the residents of Discovery Bay. Effective July 1, 1998, the District assumed the responsibilities, funding, and assets previously held by the dissolved Sanitation District #19. During November 1998, the residents of Discovery Bay voted to activate the latent powers of the District to include recreation; specifically, to acquire, fund, and operate a Community Center.

Effective August 13, 2003, the Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO) of Contra Costa County dissolved County Service Area M-8 and annexed the territory to the Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District. The District is responsible for maintaining the lighting, landscaping, and parks within Service Area M-8 of the Town of Discovery Bay.

The Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District formed an assessment district known as Ravenswood Improvement District – Discovery Bay Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 for the purpose of providing for the operation and maintenance of landscaping, parks and open space in the subdivision known as Ravenswood.

The purpose of the Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District, a multipurpose independent district, is to represent the residents of Discovery Bay in any matters covered under the California Government Code relating to a Community Services District. In addition to the purposes listed in the Government Code, the District has been ordered by LAFCO and the Board of Supervisors to perform an advisory role for the residents of Discovery Bay. This role includes, but is not limited to, advising the County in matters of land use planning, zoning, compliance, roads and streets, lighting, landscaping, parks and public safety services. The District also provides water and sewer services to the Town of Discovery Bay.

#### Government-wide financial statements

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall District government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

#### Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program, and (c) fees, grants, and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### Fund financial statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The District presently has no fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

#### Governmental Funds

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

#### Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of the specific revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes or designated to finance particular functions or activities of the District. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds, all of which are reported as major funds:

<u>Fund</u>	Brief description
Community Center	Accounts for revenues and expenditures of acquiring, funding, and operating a community center.
Lighting and landscaping Zone 8	Accounts for revenues and expenditures related to maintenance of street lighting and landscaping facilities and services; local parks and recreation facilities and services; parkway facilities and services; and open space facilities and services Zone 8.
Lighting and landscaping Zone 9	Accounts for revenues and expenditures related to operation and maintenance of landscaping, parks and open space in the subdivision known as Ravenswood.

#### Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following enterprise funds, all of which are reported as major funds:

<u>Fund</u>	Brief description
Water and Sewer Fund	Accounts for the activities of providing water and wastewater services to the residents of the District. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including administration, operations, capital improvements, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The District's operating revenues include all revenues derived from water and sewage services. Operating expenses include all costs related to water and sewage services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses, except for capital contributions, which represent capital contributions collected for the acquisition or construction of capital assets.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

#### Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Measurement focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

#### Basis of accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available."

Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

#### Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

#### Cash, cash equivalents and investments

For the purpose of financial reporting "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. This also includes short term commercial paper and U.S. Agency bonds.

Investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

#### Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at unpaid balances, less an allowance for doubtful accounts. The District provides for losses on accounts receivable using the allowance method. The allowance is based on historical experience and management's evaluation of outstanding accounts receivable.

#### **Inventory**

Inventory held in the special revenue fund is carried at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### Capital assets

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. The District's policy is to capitalize all assets with costs exceeding certain minimum thresholds and with useful lives exceeding two years.

Depreciation has been provided on capital assets and is charged as an expense against operations each year. The total amount of depreciation taken over the years is reported on the balance sheet as a reduction in the book value of capital assets.

Depreciation is provided using the straight line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The District has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets.

Structures and improvements 5-50 years Equipment 5-25 years Vehicles 5 years

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

#### Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

#### Compensated absences

Compensated absences are accrued as earned by employees, and consist of accruals for vacation time. The District's liability for compensated absences is reported in the Statement of Net Assets for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

#### Net assets

Equity in the government-wide statements is classified as net assets and displayed in three components as follows:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund equity in the fund financial statements is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statement.

#### Fund balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

#### Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Restricted – includes amounts that have constraints placed on them either externally by third-parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the District to assess, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement (compelled by external parties) that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

Committed – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority which includes the District charter, ordinances and resolutions. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (District charter, ordinance and resolution) it employed previously to commit those amounts.

Assigned – includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Board of Trustees, District manager or their designee as established in the District's Fund Balance Policy.

Unassigned – includes amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available for use it is the District's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

#### Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

1. Interfund loans – Amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2012

#### Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- 2. Interfund services Sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements Repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers Flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- Internal balances Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables
  and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the
  Statement of Net Assets, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and
  business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.
- 2. Internal activities Amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers Internal Activities. The effects of interfund services between funds, if any, are not eliminated in the Statement of Activities.

#### Property taxes

Property taxes and property assessments were levied January 1, 2011, assessed July 1, 2011 and were payable in two installments on December 10, 2011 and April 10, 2012. The County of Contra Costa bills and collects property taxes on behalf of the District.

#### Contributed capital

Effective August 13, 2003, the District recorded contributed capital to transfer funds from County Service M-8 to Lighting and landscaping Zone 8. The Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 district became the responsibility of the District on August 13, 2003. The contributed capital represents all capital assets and assets transferred to the District.

The District has received \$18,757,813 of noncash capital contributions from developers consisting of water and sewer infrastructure.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

#### Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Budgetary** accounting

The District does not adopt appropriated budgets. However, the District does adopt non-appropriated budgets annually, which are approved by the Board of Directors.

#### Long-lived assets

Long-lived assets to be held and used are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the related carrying amount may not be recoverable. When required, impairment losses on assets to be held and used are recognized based on the fair value of the asset. Long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell.

#### New accounting pronouncements

In June 2011, GASB issued GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. This Statement provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in accordance with FASB Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements.

In addition, FASB Concepts Statement No. 4, a deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and a deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities.

The District will be required to implement the provisions of this Statement for the year ending June 30, 2013, with the provisions of the Statement required to be applied retroactively. The District does not believe the implementation of this Statement will have a material effect on its financial statements.

#### Note B - Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2012 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

#### Note B - Cash and Investments (Continued)

Statement of net assets:		
Cash and investments	<u>\$ 8,001,846</u>	
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 8,001,846</u>	
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2012 consist of th	e following:	
Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 880,721	
Contra Costa County Treasurer	7,114,399	
Investments	6,726	
	<u>\$ 8,001,846</u>	
Investment Type	Carrying value	Fair value
Certificate of Deposit	\$ 6,726	\$ 6,726
	\$ 6.726	\$ 6.726

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except for the Lighting and landscaping fund whose investments were directed by Contra Costa County. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net assets and balance sheet as "cash and investments". Cash balances from all participating funds are combined and invested to the extent possible, pursuant to the Board of Directors approved Investment Policy and guidelines, and the California Government Code Section 53600.

The Government Code and the District's Investment Policy allow investments in the following instruments:

	Maximum	Authorized	Required
Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Limit%</u>	Rating
Local Agency Bonds	N/A	None	None
U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes or Bonds	N/A	None	None
State Registered Warrants, Notes, or Bonds	N/A	None	None
Notes and bonds of other Local California			
Agencies including pooled investment			
accounts	N/A	None	None
U.S. Agencies	N/A	None	None

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

#### Note B - Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investment Type	Maximum <u>Maturity</u>	Authorized <u>Limit%</u>	Required <u>Rating</u>
Bankers Acceptances	270 days	40%	None
Prime Commercial Paper	180 days	15% or 30%	A1/P1
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	N/A	30%	None
Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase			
Agreements	N/A	None/20%	None
Medium Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	Α
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	15%	2-AAA
Collateralized Bank Deposits	N/A	None	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	30%	AA
Funds held under the Terms of a Trust			
Indenture or other contract	*	*	*

<sup>\*</sup>Such funds may be invested according to the provisions of those indentures or agreements.

#### Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

		12 months	13 - 24	25-36	37 - 48	<b>4</b> 9 – 60	More than 60
Investment Type	<u>Totals</u>	or less	months	months	months	months	months
Certificate of Deposit	\$ 6,726	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 6,726</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$
Total	\$ 6,726	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 6,726</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$</u>

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

#### Note B - Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

					Rating as of Fiscal Year End				
Investment Type	Amount	Minimum Legal <u>Rating</u>	Exempt From <u>Disclosure</u>	<u>AAA</u>	AA	A	Not Rated	As of Investment	
Certificate of Deposit	\$ 6,726	N/A	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 6,726</u>	<u>100</u> %	
Total	<u>\$ 6,726</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 6,726</u>	<u>_100</u> %	

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in certain types of investments.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposit or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

#### Note B - Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### Deposits with financial institutions and Contra Costa County Treasurer

Cash on deposit in commercial accounts is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Cash held by the Contra-Costa County Treasury is pooled with other County deposits for investment purposes by the County Treasurer in accordance with the investment policy of the County Treasurer (see County Treasurer's investment policy at <a href="http://www.co.contra-costa.ca.us/">http://www.co.contra-costa.ca.us/</a>). The Pool has established a treasury oversight committee to monitor and review the management of public funds maintained in the Pool.

Participants' equity in the investment pool is determined by the dollar amount of the participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed investment income. Investment income is prorated to individual funds based on their average daily cash balances. The value of the District shares in the Pool, which may be withdrawn, is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different than the fair value of the District's position in the Pool. The District's investment in the Pool is unrated, stated at cost which approximates fair value, available upon demand and considered cash equivalents.

#### Note C - Note Receivable

Under the provisions of Proposition 1A and as part of the 2009-10 budget package passed by the California state legislature on July 28, 2009, the State of California borrowed 8% of the amount of property tax revenue, including those property taxes associated with the in-lieu motor vehicle license fee, the triple flip in lieu sales tax, and supplemental property tax, apportioned to cities, counties and special districts (excluding redevelopment agencies). The state is required to repay this borrowing plus interest by June 30, 2013. After repayment of this initial borrowing, the California legislature may consider only one additional borrowing within a ten-year period. The amount of this borrowing pertaining to Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District was \$45,668.

This borrowing by the State of California was recognized as a receivable in the accompanying financial statements. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, the borrowed tax revenues are not permitted to be recognized as revenue in the governmental fund financial statements until the tax revenues are received from the State of California (expected to be fiscal year 2012-2013). In the government-wide financial statements, the tax revenues were recognized in the fiscal year for which they were levied (fiscal year 2009-10).

#### Note D - Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions consist of the following:

#### Transfers between funds

Resources may be transferred from one District fund to another with approval. The purpose of the majority of transfers is to reimburse a fund which has made an expenditure on behalf of another fund. Less often, a transfer may be made to open or close a fund.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

## Note D - Interfund Transactions (Continued)

Transfers between funds during the year ended June 30, 2012 were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
Major Governmental Funds				
Community Center	\$	-	\$	-
Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 Fund		2,644		-
Lighting and landscaping Zone 9 Fund		-		979
Major Proprietary Fund				
Water and Sewer Fund				29,705
Total interfund transfers	<u>\$</u>	2,644	\$	30,684

In general, the District uses interfund transfers to:

- Transfer unrestricted revenues collected in the water and sewer fund to help finance various programs and capital projects accounted for in other funds
- Fund operations (move revenues from the funds that collect them to the funds that statute or budget requires to expend them)
- Fund interdepartmental cost reimbursement
- Fund capital projects

The effect of the interfund activity has not been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements as the amounts relate to transfers between governmental and business-type activities. The transfers have resulted from deposits made by Contra Costa County into the Sewer and Water Fund for revenues of the Community Center Special Revenue Fund.

#### Note E – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012, is as follows:

	Balance						]	Balance	
	<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2011	<u>A</u>	<u>dditions</u>	Dele	<u>tions</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	Jun	e 30, 2012
Governmental activities									
Nondepreciable capital assets									
Land	\$	258,083	\$	35,847	\$	-	\$ -	\$	293,930
Construction in progress		282,733		11,582			(282,733)		11,582
Total nondepreciable									
capital assets		540,816		47,429		<del></del>	(282,733)		305,512

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

Note E - Capital Assets (Continued)

	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2012
Governmental activities (Cont	inued)				
Depreciable capital assets					
Equipment	30,342	24,986	-	24,637	79,965
Buildings and improvement	s 1,636,692	241,799	(1,000)	258,096	2,135,587
Office furniture and					
equipment	4,309	-	-	-	4,309
Vehicles	34,079	21,345			55,424
Total depreciable capital					
assets	1,705,422	288,130	(1,000)	282,733	2,275,285
Less accumulated	, ,		, , ,		, ,
depreciation	(677,184)	(116,259)	816		(792,627)
Net depreciable capital					
assets	1,028,238	<u>171,871</u>	(184)	282,733	1,482,658
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 1,569,054</u>	\$ 219,300	<u>\$ (184</u> )	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,788,170</u>
Business-type activities					
Nondepreciable capital assets					
Land	\$ 267,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 267,000
Construction in progress	898,708	502,765		<u>(898,708</u> )	502,765
Total nondepreciable					
capital assets	1,165,708	502,765		(898,708)	769,765
Depreciable capital assets					
Buildings and improvements	1,180,273	-	-	-	1,180,273
Treatment and collection	28,981,928	64,322	-	898,708	29,944,958
Structures and improvement	s 6,689,926	-	-	-	6,689,926
Equipment	866,177	24,064	-	-	890,241
Vehicles	356,928				356,928
Total depreciable capital					
assets	38,075,232	88,386	-	898,708	39,062,326
Less accumulated					
depreciation	(6,332,346)	(1,201,846)		-	(7,534,192)
Net depreciable capital					
assets	31,742,886	<u>(1,113,460</u> )		898,708	31,528,134
Net capital assets	\$ 32,908,594	<u>\$ (610,695</u> )	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 32,297,899</u>

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

#### Note E - Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to function and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program were as follows:

#### Governmental activities:

Lighting and landscaping Zone 8 Lighting and landscaping Zone 9	\$ 105,309 10,950
Total depreciation expense – Governmental activities	\$ 116,259
Business-type activities: Water and sewer	\$ 1,201,846
Total depreciation expense – Business-type activities	\$ 1,201,846

#### Note F - Deferred Compensation Plan

Employees of the District may participate in a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The deferred compensation plan is available to all full-time employees of the District. Under the plan, employees may elect to defer a portion of their salaries and avoid paying taxes on the deferred portion until the withdrawal date. The deferred compensation amount is not available for withdrawal by employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Total employee contributions to the plan during the year ended June 30, 2012 were \$10,425.

#### Note G - Compensated Absences

Employees accrue vacation leave based on length of service. Accumulated vacation leave is subject to maximum accruals for all employees. As of June 30, 2012, the District's accrued liability for accumulated unused vacation leave is \$29,538. Employees are paid for their accumulated unused vacation leave upon separation from service. The liability is expected to be liquidated with future resources and not with expendable available financial resources.

#### Note H – Joint Venture (Joint Powers Agreement)

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; risk of loss to employees; and natural disasters.

In order to insure for risks of loss, the District participates in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement with the Special Districts Risk Management Authority (SDRMA). The relationship between the District and the SDRMA is such that the SDRMA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

#### Note H – Joint Venture (Joint Powers Agreement) (Continued)

The SDRMA arranges for and provides property, liability and worker's compensation coverage for its member districts. The Town of Discovery Bay Community Services District participates in all programs.

Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the SDRMA. The District's share of surpluses and deficits cannot be determined, although District management does not expect such amounts, if any, to be material in relation to the financial statements.

The District is covered by the following types of insurance through the SDRMA as of June 30, 2012:

Coverage	<u>Lim</u>	its of liability
General liability	\$	10,000,000
Public officials and employees errors		10,000,000
Personal liability coverage for board members		500,000
Employment practices liability		10,000,000
Employee benefits liability		10,000,000
Employee dishonesty coverage		400,000
Auto liability		10,000,000
Uninsured/underinsured motorists		1,000,000
Property coverage	1	,000,000,000
Boiler and machinery		100,000,000
Statutory workers' compensation		Statutory

#### Note I - Governing Board

The powers of the District are exercised by a Board of Directors consisting of five directors each elected for a term of four years by the qualified electors within the District.

As of June 30, 2012, the members of the District's Board of Directors were as follows:

<u>Director</u>	<u>Term expires</u>
Kevin Graves	December 2014
Mark Simon	December 2012
Jim Mattison	December 2012
Chris Steele	December 2014
Ray Tetreault	December 2012

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

June 30, 2012

#### Note J – Contingencies and Commitments

The District is involved in litigation arising in the ordinary course of operations that, in the opinion of management, will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the District. In addition, the District has entered into construction and service contracts with various companies. Many of the contracts are considered fixed fee arrangements. However, work under these contracts could be discontinued at the direction of the District. Therefore, it is the opinion of management that a fixed commitment does not exist.

#### Note K - Subsequent Event

The District created the Discovery Bay Public Financing Authority effective July 1, 2012.